Nurturing Nature with Natives

Coloring Book





Nurturing Nature with Natives

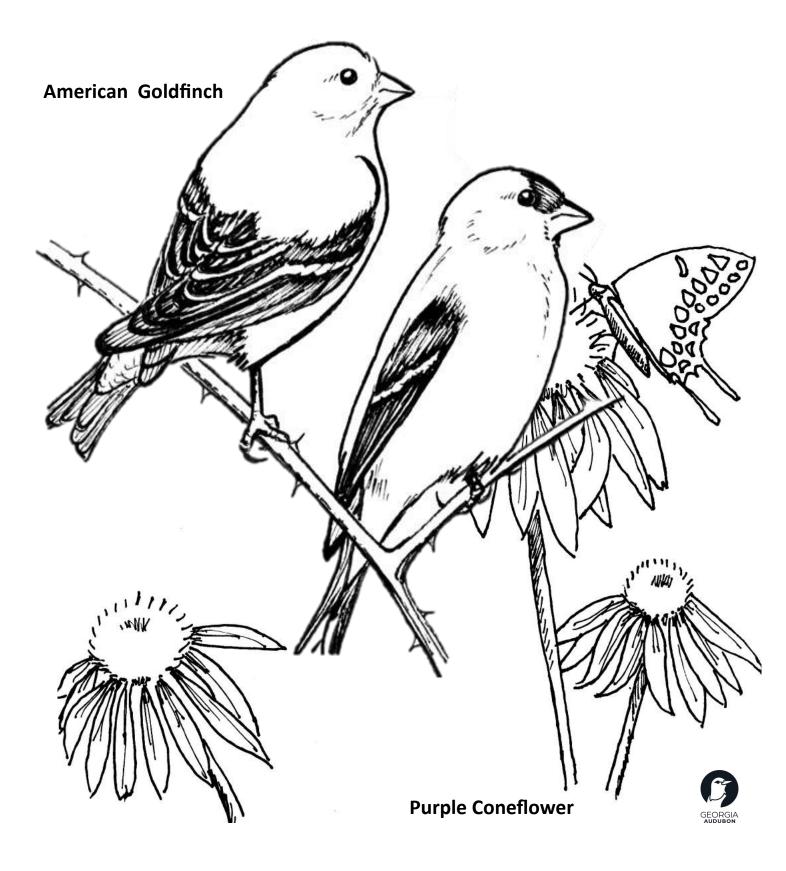
The biggest threat to birds is habitat loss. Luckily, anyone can improve habitat for birds by planting native plants! Native plants (plants that occur naturally in a region without human introduction) are an essential resource for birds. In addition to supplying food in the form of nuts, seeds, fruits, and nectar, native plants are important hosts for the insects that birds need to feed themselves and raise their young. Landscaped with native species, your yard, patio, or balcony can provide vital resources for migrating birds and a sanctuary for nesting and overwintering birds.

Special thanks to the artists in our flock for their beautiful drawings, Anne McCallum (birds) and Roseanne Guerra (native plants), and to Cherokee Garden Club for their support of this educational outreach.

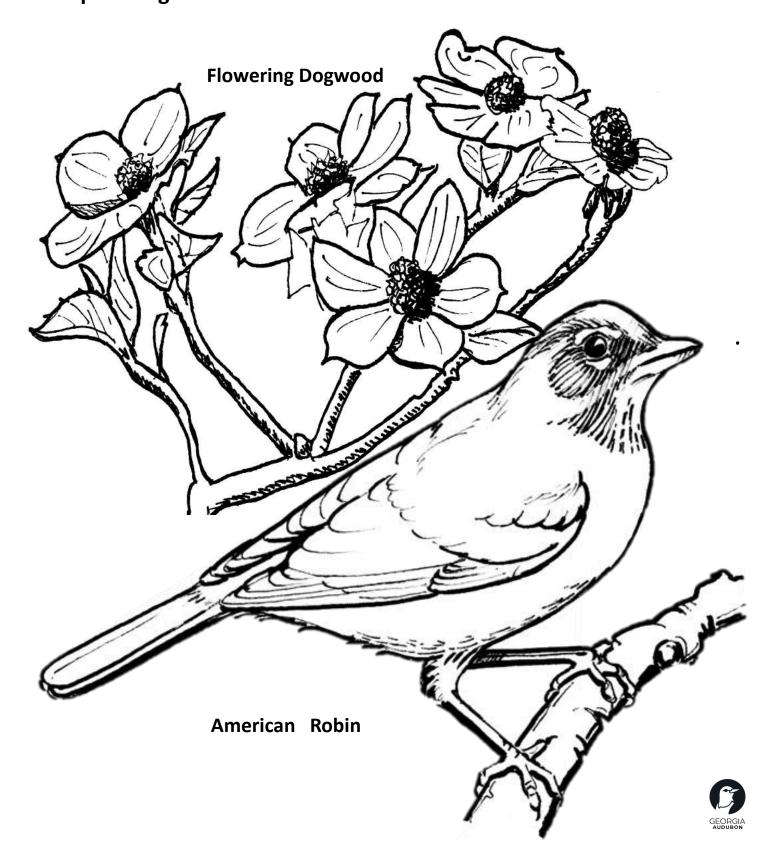
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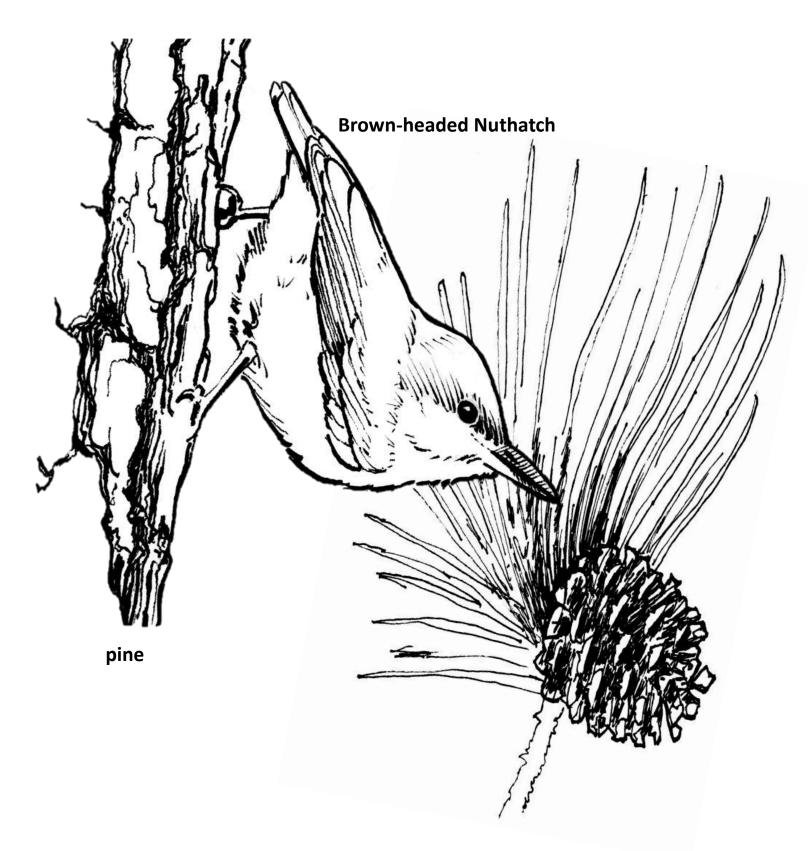
Building places where birds and people thrive

After the flowers fade, purple coneflowers produce ______ that American Goldfinches love to eat. Dried flowers and messy gardens have a lot to offer birds!



Dogwood trees produce red ______ in fall that are an essential part of the diet of the American Robin and other birds fattening up for migration and winter months.

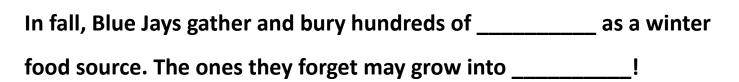


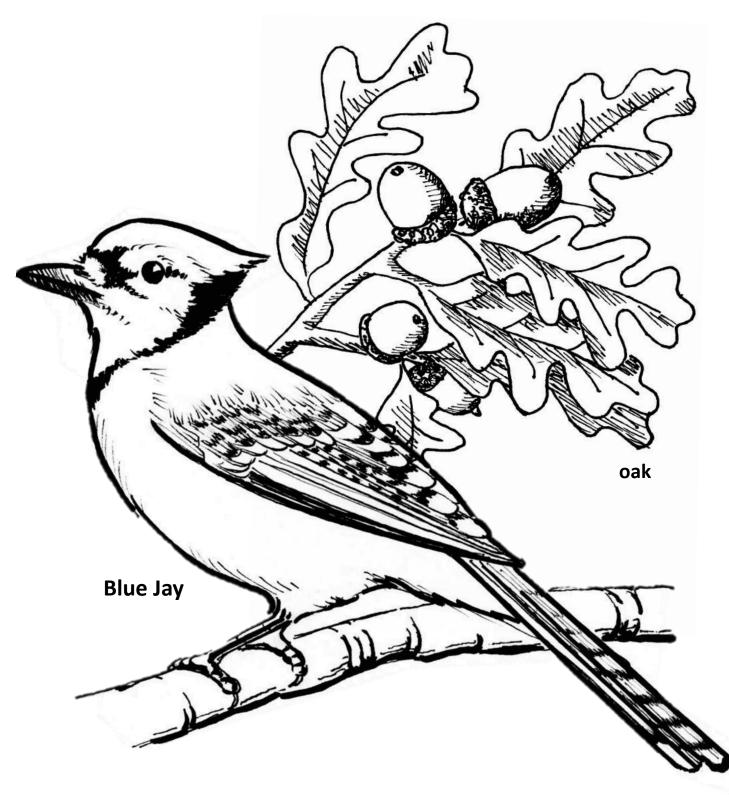


The Brown-headed Nuthatch uses its pointy bill to pry open

_ in search of seeds.

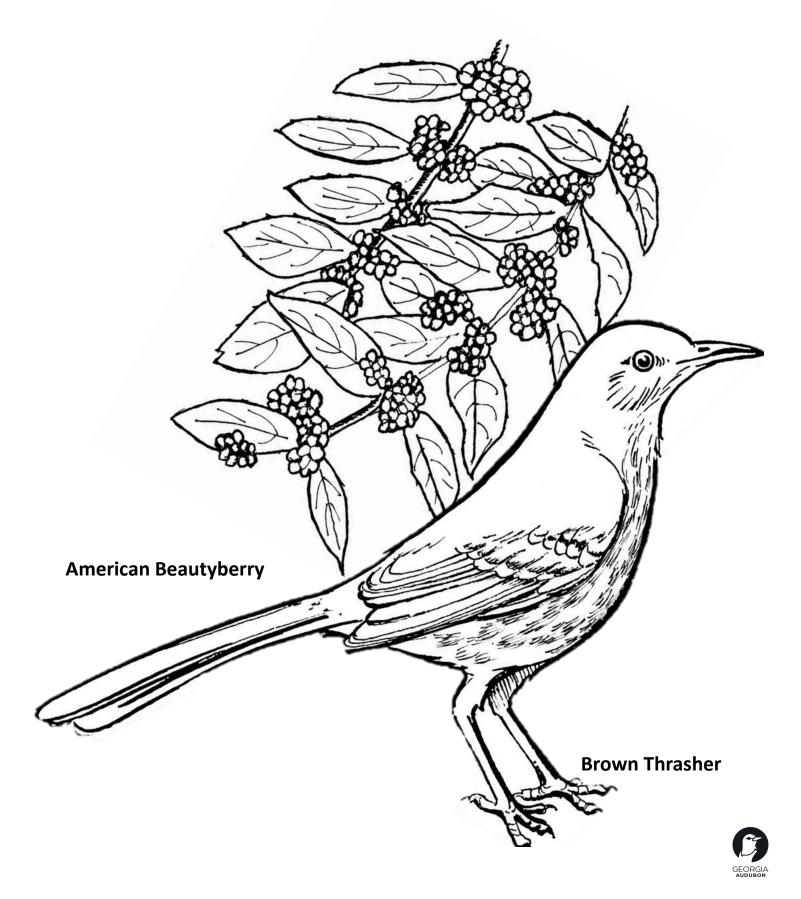


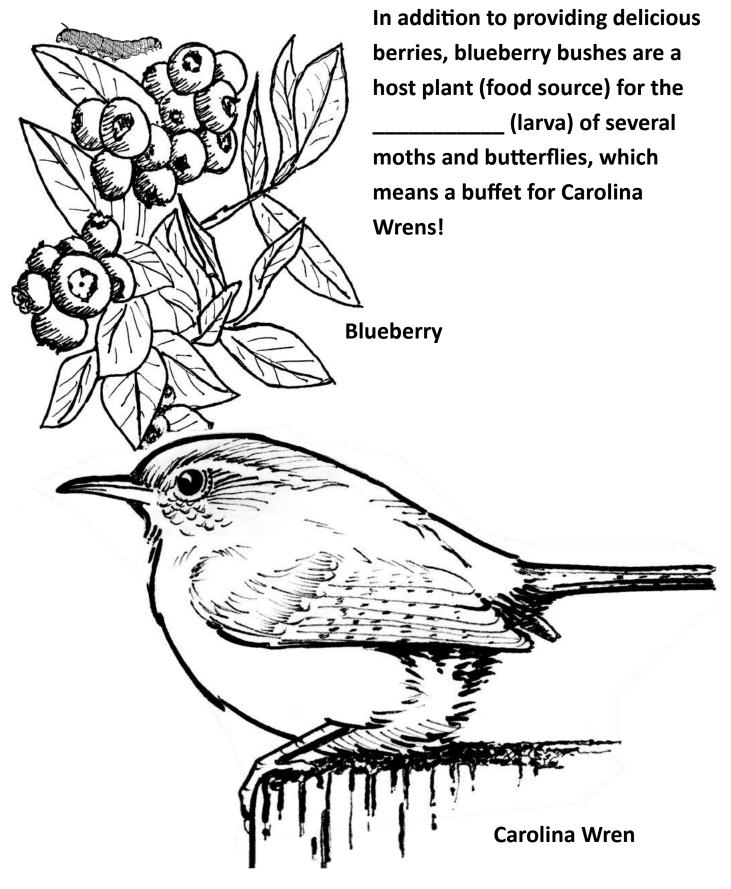






Georgia's state _____, the Brown Thrasher, loves the bright purple or white berries of American Beautyberry!







In spring, the dark purple ______ on a Mulberry tree are a favorite of the Northern Cardinal. Can you tell the male from the female?





Red-bellied Woodpeckers use their sturdy ______ to crack open hickory _____. They might find a juicy Luna moth caterpillar in a hickory tree, too, since hickory is a host plant for these beautiful moths.



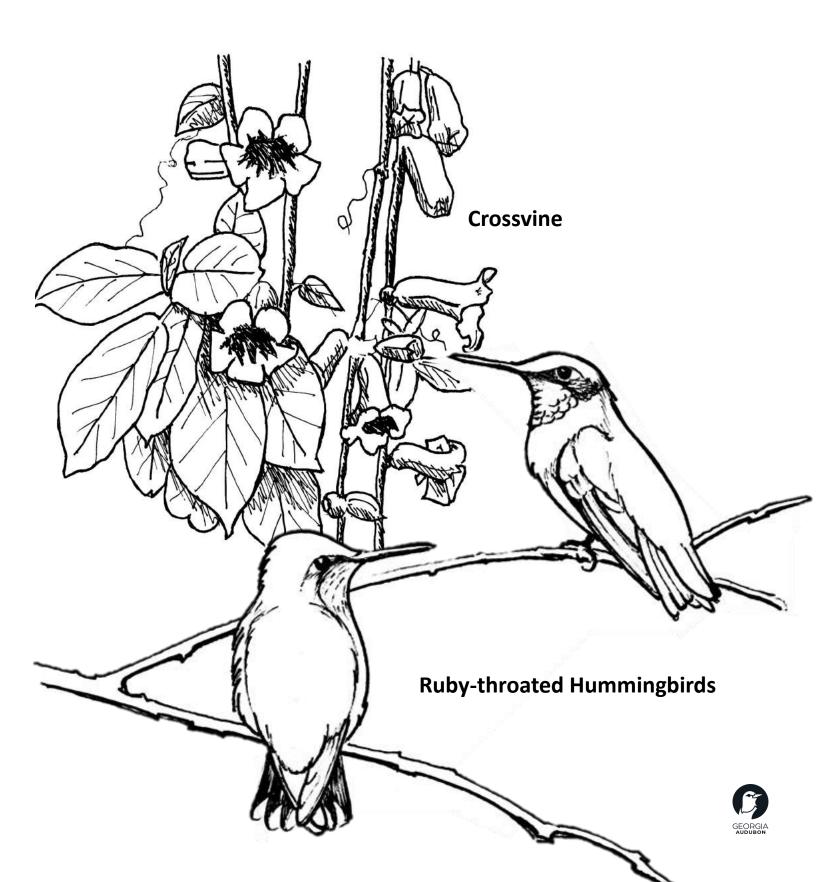


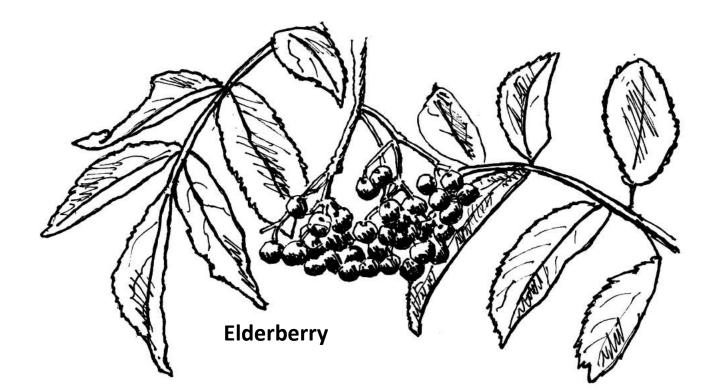
Tulip poplar trees provide food and shelter for small animals like

, a regular part of a Red-tailed Hawk's diet.



Ruby-throated Hummingbirds fatten up on nectar from tube– shaped ______ like crossvine to get energy for their long migrations.





Answer Key

- 1. seeds
- 2. berries
- 3. pinecones
- 4. acorns; oak trees
 - 5. berries
 - 6. caterpillars
 - 7. bird
- 8. beak/bill; nuts/seeds
 - 9. squirrels
 - 10. flowers

